Financial statements at June 30, 2021 and independent auditor's report

Financial Statements

At June 30, 2021

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A free translation from Portuguese into English of Independent Auditor's Report on financial statements prepared in Brazilian currency in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN)

Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders **Commerzbank Brasil S.A. - Banco Múltiplo** São Paulo - SP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Commerzbank Brasil S.A. – Banco Múltiplo ("Bank"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statements of profit or loss, of comprehensive income, of changes in equity, and of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Commerzbank Brasil S.A. – Banco Múltiplo as at June 30, 2021, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Professional Ethics for Accountants and the professional standards issued by Brazil's National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (CFC), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of matter

As disclosed in Note 1, the controlling shareholder Commerzbank AG decided to discontinue its activities in Brazil. These financial statements were prepared on a liquidation basis, considering the assumption that the Bank will not continue as a going concern, as disclosed in Note 2. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Other information accompanying the financial statements and the auditor's report

Management is responsible for such other information, which comprise the Management Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Report and, in doing so, consider whether this report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Management Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Concluded on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting. When the use of this basis of accounting is inappropriate and management uses an alternative basis of accounting, we conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the alternative basis of accounting. Additionally, we assessed the adequacy of disclosures related to the alternative basis of accounting and the reasons for its use. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

São Paulo, August 27, 2021.

ERNST & YOUNG Auditores Independentes S.S. CRC-2SP034519/Q-6

Kátia Sayuri Teraoka Kam Accountant CRC-1SP272354/O-1 **Dear Shareholders**: In accordance with legal and statutory provisions, we hereby submit for your consideration the Balance Sheet, the Income Statement, the Other Comprehensive Income Statement, Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Cash Flows of Commerzbank Brasil S.A. – Banco Múltiplo (the "Bank") for the period ended on June 30, 2021, together with the Accompanying Notes and the Independent Auditor's Report.

On July 28, 2016, the Bank received approval from the Central Bank of Brazil to initiate its operations as a multiple bank, with commercial and investment portfolios.

As at June 30, 2021, total assets totaled R\$ 840.731 (R\$ 1.310.706 on December 31, 2020). The Bank's assets consisted primarily of a foreign exchange portfolio totaling R\$ 302.780 (R\$ 428.018 on December 31, 2020), government bonds classified as "available for sale", amounting to R\$ 134.979 (R\$ 311.084 on December 31, 2020), loans transactions totaling R\$ 318.166 (R\$ 482.381 on December 31, 2020) and advances against foreign exchange contracts ("ACC"), amounting to R\$ 94.733 (R\$ 163.362 on December 31, 2020). The Bank raised funding mainly through credit lines from Commerzbank AG amounting to R\$ 489.694 (R\$ 903.293 on December 31, 2020). Shareholders' equity totaled R\$ 110.966 (R\$ 137.529 on December 31, 2020).

Conformity of operations to the business plan: Commerzbank Brazil's operations are in line with the strategic objectives set out in the business plan, in relation to clients, products and services offered by the bank.

Commerzbank AG, controlling shareholder, decided to change its overall strategy (New Strategy 2024), which includes the closure of several international units, including Commerzbank Brasil S.A.

The closure of the activities of Commerzbank Brasil S.A. is being carried out in a gradual manner that foresees the business wind down in September 2022 and the operational wind down in September 2023.

Basel Ratio: The Bank adopts the calculation of operating limits based on the financial data in accordance with BACEN guidelines. The ratio calculated according to the rules prevailing at June 30, 2021 was 16,07% (15,64% on December 31, 2020).

Risk Management: the Bank is equipped with structures designed to control and monitor the risks inherent to its activities, and it discloses its credit risk, market risk, operating risk, capital management structures, and information pursuant to Central Bank Circular n.° 3.930/19 available for public access at <u>https://www.commerzbank.com.br</u> in the item Financial and Regulatory Information.

São Paulo, August 27, 2021

The Management

Balance Sheet In thousands of *Reais*

ASSETS	Note	June 2021	December 2020
Cash	4	31.936	2.796
Financial instruments		791.976	1.299.858
Interbank loans	5	32.942	74.834
Securities	6	134.979	311.084
Own portfolio		19.754	188.929
Pledged as collateral		115.225	122.155
Derivatives	7	3.109	3.541
Lending operations	8	318.166	482.381
Private sector		318.166	482.381
Foreign exchange portfolio	9	302.780	428.018
Allowance for loan losses	8	(722)	(2.642)
Interbank relations		62	72
Central Bank compulsory deposits		62	72
Other credits		12.097	4.496
Income receivable		1.756	537
Negotiation and intermediation of securities	7	5.396	196
Sundry	10	4.945	3.763
Other assets	11	280	332
Prepaid expenses		280	332
Property and equipment in use	13	5.102	5.794
Other properties for use		12.626	12.888
Accumulated depreciation		(7.524)	(7.094)
Total Assets		840.731	1.310.706

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet In thousands of *Reais*

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Note	June 2021	December 2020	
Financial instruments		692.268	1.160.517	
Deposits	14	4.946	12.929	
Demand deposits		1.104	2.546	
Time deposits		3.842	10.383	
Borrowings	15	489.694	903.293	
Foreign borrowings		466.634	770.059	
Foreign onlending		23.060	133.234	
Derivatives	7	3.087	11.426	
Foreign exchange portfolio	9	194.541	232.869	
Interbank relations		4.731	2.515	
Settlement payments		261	-	
Third-party resouces		4.470	2.515	
Other obligations		31.023	9.467	
Collection of taxes		1	-	
Tax and social security obligations	16a	1.193	1.455	
Negotiation and intermediation of securities	7	1.887	1.998	
Other	16b	27.942	6.014	
Deferred Income		1.743	678	
Shareholders' Equity	17	110.966	137.529	
Capital:		268.138	268.138	
Of shareholders' domiciled abroad		268.138	268.138	
OCI - Available-for-sale mark-to-market Adjustment		(949)	1.079	
Accumulated losses		(156.223)	(131.688)	
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		840.731	1.310.706	

Income statements for the six-month period. In thousands of *Reais* (except losses per share)

	Note	June 2021	June 2020
Revenue from financial intermediation		13.479	52.154
Lending operations	18 a	8.297	42.761
Securities transactions	18 b	5.182	9.393
Expenses from financial intermediation		(484)	(46.963)
Open market funding transactions	18 g	(74)	(827)
Borrowing and onlending transactions	18 h	9.827	(297.935)
Derivative financial instruments	18 c	(1.915)	141.393
Foreign exchange transactions	18 d	(8.322)	110.406
Gross income from financial intermediation		12.995	5.191
Allowance for loan losses		1.957	(1.909)
Loan portfolio		1.318	(1.111)
Foreign portfolio		602	(437)
Guarantees		37	(361)
Results from financial intermediation		14.952	3.282
Other operating income		8.933	8.859
Income from services provided	18 e	8.495	8.245
Income from banking fees	18 f	324	102
Other operating revenues		114	512
Other operating expenses		(48.420)	(25.759)
Personnel expenses	18 i	(37.408)	(16.042)
Other administrative expenses	18 j	(8.461)	(7.862)
Tax expenses	18 k	(1.738)	(1.111)
Other operating expenses		(121)	(89)
Depreciation and amortization expenses		(692)	(651)
Provision for labor contingency		-	(4)
Results before income taxes		(24.535)	(13.618)
Income and social contribution taxes	19		(1.747)
Deferred tax assets		-	(1.747)
Losses for the period		(24.535)	(15.365)
Number of shares (in thousands)		268.137	268.137
Losses per share		(0,0915)	(0,0573)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Other comprehensive income statements for the six-month period. In thousands of *Reais* (*except losses per share*)

	June 2021	June 2020
Accumulated losses	(24.535)	(15.365)
Other comprehensive income Securities portfolio - available for sale	(2.028)	777
OCI - Available-for-sale mark-to-market Adjustment Tax effect	(2.028)	1.412 (635)
Total other comprehensive income	(26.563)	(14.588)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity for the six-month period. In thousands of *Reais*

	Note	Capital Stock	Equity Adjustment	Accumulated Losses	Total
On December 31, 2019		268.138	487	<u>(99.471</u>)	169.154
Mark-to-market OCI - Available-for-sale securities		-	777	-	777
Loss for the period	17	-	-	(15.365)	(15.365)
On June 30, 2020		268.138	1.264	(114.836)	154.566
On December 31, 2020		268.138	1.079	(131.688)	137.529
Mark-to-market OCI - Available-for-sale securities		-	(2.028)	-	(2.028)
Loss for the period	17	-	-	(24.535)	(24.535)
On June 30, 2021		268.138	(949)	(156.223)	110.966

Statement of cash flow (indirect method) for the six-month period.

In thousands of *Reais*

From operations	Nota	June 2021	June 2020
Adjusted loss		(6.037)	(7.640)
Loss for the period		(24.535)	(15.365)
Allowance for loans losses	8b	(1.957)	1.909
Provision for bonus		108	2.641
Deferred taxes		-	1.747
Current taxes		-	-
Depreciation and amortization		692	651
Mark-to-market adjustment		(2.028)	777
Restructuring provisions	27	21.683	-
Variance in assets and liabilities		21.575	155.002
Financial instruments		196.488	50.182
Interbank relations		2.226	2.103
Lending Operations		164.215	(255.229)
Foreign exchange portfolio		86.910	(93.015)
Other credits		(7.601)	(3.768)
Other valuables and assets		52	(333)
Deposits		(7.983)	33.317
Open market funding		-	(1.000)
Borrowings		(413.599)	432.411
Other obligations		(198)	(10.240)
Deferred income		1.065	574
Net cash from operations		15.538	147.362
From investments		-	(1.597)
Acquisition of fixed assets for use		-	(1.597)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	4	15.538	145.765
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		40.797	23.159
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		56.335	168.924

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1 Operations

Commerzbank Brasil S.A. - Banco Múltiplo (the "Bank"), located in São Paulo at 1240, Dr. Chucri Zaidan avenue 11th floor, is a private financial institution controlled by Commerzbank A.G. located at Frankfurt, Germany. The Bank was approved by the National Monetary Council on August 20, 2015, incorporated on August 31, 2015 and registered with the Commercial Registry of the State of São Paulo on October 22, 2015, for an indefinite period of time. The Bank received approval to commence its activities, which are restricted to financial institutions, on July 28, 2016.

The corporate purpose of the Bank is to conduct credit, debit and ancillary banking, financial and lending transactions inherent to the activities of a commercial and investment bank, including foreign exchange transactions. The Bank may participate in any other companies or groups of companies, whether commercial or civil, national or foreign, as a partner or shareholder, in accordance with the rules issued by the Brazilian Central Bank ("BACEN").

Commerzbank AG, controlling shareholder, decided to change its overall strategy (New Strategy 2024), which includes the closure of several international units, including Commerzbank Brasil S.A.

The closure of the activities of Commerzbank Brasil S.A. is being carried out in a gradual manner in 3 fases:

Phase I – business wind down until September 30, 2022;

Phase II – transition period from October 1st until March 31, 2023;

Phase III – operational wind down until September 30, 2023.

The business wind down aims the termination of the relationship with customers, the liquidation of bank deposits in its records and liquidation of any transaction restricted to financial institutions authorized to operate by BACEN.

During the transitional period, will be submitted to the BACEN a request for approval for the cancellation of the operating authorization of Commerzbank Brasil S.A.

The operational wind down phase will be dedicated to infrastructure decommission and office closing.

The Bank's financial statements were approved by Management on August 24, 2021.

2 Presentation of the financial statements

The financial statements are the responsibility of Management, and were prepared according to the accounting practices adopted in Brazil for institutions authorized to operate by BACEN, presented according to the requirements of BACEN and the Accounting Pronouncements Committee ("CPC") regarding the financial statements, rules and instructions of the National Monetary Council ("CMN") and the Chart of Accounts of the National Financial System ("COSIF"), when applicable.

The preparation of the Balance Sheet requires that the Management use assumptions and judgments in determining values and accounting estimates, such as the allowance for doubtful loans, impairment of securities and non-financial assets, deferred income tax and social contribution and the determination of the useful lives of certain assets. The settlement of these transactions involving these estimates may result in different values from those estimated due to the inaccuracies inherent in the determination process.

According to the CMN Resolution 4.818/20 and BACEN Resolution 2/20, financial institutions authorized by BACEN, should prepare their financial statements following the criteria and procedures mentioned in these regulations, which deal with the disclosure of half-yearly and annual financial statements, as well as its content that includes balance sheets and income statements, of other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity and notes to the financial statements.

The disclosure of the financial statements, in a comparative manner, shall be presented as follows: (i) the balance sheet at the end of the current period must be compared with the balance sheet at the end of the previous fiscal year and shall be presented in order of liquidity and subordination; (ii) the other financial statements should be compared with the same period of the previous fiscal period; and (iii) the notes of the financial statements needed for the better understanding should be presented in a comparative manner when relevant to the financial statements understanding.

As outlined above, Commerzbank AG, the controlling shareholder, decided to change its overall strategy (New Strategy 2024) which includes the closure of several international units, including Commerzbank Brasil S.A.. Thus, the financial statements are not prepared on a going concern basis, being the assets and liabilities presented at liquidation value, as required by NBC TG 900 (accounting standard issued by the Brazilian Accounting Board) of March 18, 2021. The restructuring provisions are described in the note 27 and a possible impact on the renegotiation of credit operations with installments maturing after September 2022, as described in note 8a.

3 Significant accounting policies

a) Functional currency

The functional currency of the Bank is the Real, which is also used in the presentation of these financial statements.

b) Income recognition

Income is recognized on an accrual basis, according to which revenues and expenses should be included in the income recognition for the periods in which they occur, always simultaneously when they are correlated, regardless of whether they are received or paid. Transactions bearing post-fixed interest rates, calculated by the exponential method, as well as foreign currency-linked transactions, calculated by the linear method, have been restated up to the dates of the balance sheets.

c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with banks in domestic or foreign currency, interbank investments (open-market investments, fixed income investments and repo transactions) with maturities within 90 days or less from the investment date, and with low risk of change in fair value, being used by the bank to manage short-term obligations, according to the CMN Resolution n.° 4.720/19.

d) Interbank investments

These are shown at cost plus accrued interest up to the balance sheet date, net of impairment provision, when applicable.

e) Securities

As provided for in BACEN Circular no. 3.068/01, securities are classified in three distinct categories, according to the management, taking into account the following accounting criteria:

- i. Trading securities: are adjusted to fair value, and their adjustments are booked against income for the period;
- ii. Securities available for sale: are booked by the cost of acquisition plus income earned, which is recognized in the result of the period, and adjusted at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses, net of tax effects, due to changes in fair value are recognized in the Equity on a specific account of "other comprehensive income"; and
- iii. Securities held to maturity: purchased with the purpose and financial capacity to be held to maturity, valued at the acquisition cost, plus yields ascertained, against income for the period.

f) Derivatives

In accordance with BACEN Circular n.° 3.082/02 and BACEN Circular Letter n.° 3.026/02, derivative financial instruments are booked according to the following criteria:

- **Futures transactions:** the daily adjustments are booked in asset or liability accounts according to the nature of the balance and recognized in the profit and loss;
- **Currency swap and forward transactions** (**NDF**): any differential receivable or payable is recorded at fair value in the caption "Derivatives" in assets or liabilities, respectively, and allocated to profit or loss as income (when relating to gains) or expense (when relating to losses); and
- **Forward transactions**: these are recorded at the final contractual amount, less the difference between such amount and the cash price of the asset, adjusted to fair value, with income and expenses being recognized over the contractual terms.

Derivative financial instruments are adjusted to market value and the differences are recognized in income for the period.

g) Lending operations and allowance for loan losses

These are recorded considering the income earned, recognized pro rata on a daily basis based on the variations of the index and the agreed interest rate. Lending operations are classified based on Management's risk assessment, considering past experience with prior borrowers, the risk ratings of such borrowers and their guarantors, the economic environment, and specific and overall portfolio risks, pursuant to CMN Resolution n.º 2.682/99, which requires a periodic analysis of the portfolio and its classification into nine risk rating levels from AA (lowest risk) to H (highest risk).

Renegotiated operations are maintained at a minimum at the same risk level as they were classified prior to renegotiation. Credit operations overdue for more than 59 days, regardless of their level of risk classification, have their income recognized only when it is effectively received.

The provision for provided financial guarantees is based on the evaluation of losses associated

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

with the probability of future disbursements linked to the guarantees, as well as specific characteristics of the operations performed, according to the requirements of CMN Resolution n.° 4.512/16 and is recorded in an amount considered sufficient to cover probable losses throughout the term of the provided guarantees.

h) Foreign exchange portfolio

Transactions are shown at the realization value, including earnings and currency variations (calculated pro rata on a daily basis) and a allowance for loan losses in accordance with CMN Resolution n.° 2.682/99.

i) Negotiation and intermediation of securities (assets and liabilities)

These are shown at the value of own securities traded on stock, commodities and futures exchanges which are not yet settled.

j) Other current assets and long-term receivables

These are stated at the realization value, including, when applicable, monetary changes and income ascertained up to the balance date.

k) Prepaid expenses

Payments in advance, for which the rights, benefits or services to be provided will occur in the future, are booked and shown in the line "Other assets".

l) Fixed assets and intangible assets

Fixed assets are recorded at cost and deducted by its depreciation. Fixed assets depreciation is calculated and recorded using the straight-line method, and the annual rates applied, taking into consideration the useful economic lives of the assets. The rate for useful lives are as follows: premises, furniture and equipment for use, communication and security systems - 10%; premises - leasehold improvements, vehicles and data processing equipment - 20%.

Intangible assets correspond to the rights acquired for carrying out the Bank's activities or exercised for such purpose. The intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated period during which they will generate economic benefits.

m) Impairment

An impairment is recognized in the period during which the book value of an asset exceeds its recoverable value. The values of non-financial assets, except for other valuables, assets and tax credits, are tested at least once a year for impairment.

n) Open market deposits

These are shown at the amount payable, including, when applicable, charges payable up to the balance sheet date, recognized *pro rata* on a daily basis.

o) Foreign borrowings

These are shown at the amount payable. Charges are recognized pro rata on a daily basis, and amounts due in foreign currency are adjusted at the official exchange rates ruling on the balance sheet date.

p) Current and long-term liabilities

These are shown at known or ascertainable amounts including, when applicable, the corresponding charges and monetary or exchange rate restatement incurred up to the dates of the balance sheets.

q) Income tax and social contribution

The income tax provision was calculated at the rate of 15% on the taxable income, plus 10% on certain limits.

According to Law 13.169 of October 6, 2015, the current rate of Social Contribution Tax on Net Income ("CSLL") for financial institutions is 20% until December 31, 2018 and 15% in 2019. Through Constitutional Amendment n°. 103 published on November 13, 2019, Brazil increased the CSLL rate applicable to banks from 15% to 20% beginning March 1st, 2020.

Deferred income tax and social contribution calculated on temporary additions and tax losses are recorded under "Other receivables - miscellaneous" and "Other liabilities - tax and social security". The recognition of deferred tax credits and liabilities is made at the rates above and applicable to the period in which the realization of the asset is estimated and the settlement of the liability.

On March 1st, 2021, was published the Provisional Measure n. 1034, which increases the Social Contributions rate from 20% to 25%, with effect from July 1st, 2021 to December 31, 2021, returning to the 20% rate on January 1st, 2022.

r) Income from future periods

This refers to income received prior to the expiry date of the obligation that gave rise to it, and whose recording as actual income depends solely on the expiry date passing.

s) Recurring and non-recurring result

Resolution BACEN 2/20 States that financial institutions must provide in their explanatory notes in a segregated manner the recurring and non-recurring results incurred in the period.

It is considered as non-recurring result the result that:

- i) it is not related to or relates incidentally to the typical activities of the institution;
- ii) is not expected to occur frequently in future years (note 25).

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

4 Cash and cash equivalents

These are shown as follows:

	June 2021	December 2020
Cash - free reserves	358	106
Cash - foreign currency	31.578	2.690
Interbank investments		
National treasury bills	24.399	38.001
Total	56.335	40.797

5 Interbank loans

			June 2021				
		From 181 to					
	Actual Cost	Until 90 days	365 days	Total	Total		
Open market							
National treasury bills	24.399	24.399	-	24.399	38.001		
Interbank loans	8.543		8.543	8.543	36.833		
Total	32.942	24.399	8.543	32.942	74.834		

6 Securities

The securities portfolio was as follows:

	June 2021						
				Maturity			
	Adjusted	Mark-to-		Until 90	From 91 to	From 181 to	More than
	cost	Market	Fair Value	days	180 days	365 days	365 days
Available for sale							
Own portfolio							
National Treasury Bills - LTN	19.850	(96)	19.754	-	19.754	-	-
Pledged as collateral at futures							
exchange:							
National Treasury Bills - LTN	116.078	(853)	115.225	-	19.754	95.471	
Total	135.928	(949)	134.979		39.508	95.471	

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

		December 2020						
					Mat	urity		
	Adjusted	Mark-to-		Until 90	From 91 to	From 181 to	More than	
	cost	Market	Fair Value	days	180 days	365 days	365 days	
Available for sale								
Own portfolio								
National Treasury Bills - LTN	188.294	635	188.929	-	49.751	118.079	21.099	
Pledged as collateral at futures								
exchange:								
National Treasury Bills - LTN	121.711	444	122.155	-	99.501		22.654	
Total	310.005	1.079	311.084	-	149.252	118.079	43.753	

Securities classified as available for sale were marked to market in the amount of R\$ (949) (R\$ 1.079 on December 31, 2020), and recognized against shareholders' equity with tax effects.

The securities are classified as fair value of level I as these are highly-liquid securities with available prices in the active market.

The market value of government bonds is determined according to disclosures in the daily bulletins issued by the Brazilian Association of Financial and Capital Market Entities ("ANBIMA").

Government bonds are recorded in the Special Settlement and Custody System ("SELIC") of the BACEN.

7 Derivatives

The Bank trades derivative financial instruments to meet its own needs and those of its customers. These instruments are booked in equity, income and off-balance accounts.

The derivative financial instruments used are approved based on the policy for the use of these products. The policy requires that before these instruments are traded, all aspects must be analyzed, including: objectives, method of use, risks involved, and the existence of suitable infrastructure for operational support.

The components of credit and market risk for derivative financial instruments are monitored daily. Specific limits are set for trading in these instruments, for each customer and also for the chambers for registration and settlement. These limits are managed through a system which shows the aggregate exposure by counterparty. Any breaches of these limits are immediately noted and forwarded to the appropriate area for action.

Market risk management for derivative financial instruments is subject to the current risk policy which mandates that potential risks arising from price fluctuations in the financial markets must be centralized in the Treasury area.

i) Market value:

The market value of derivative financial instruments is calculated using the available market information, principally the prices and rates published by B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão. When necessary, mathematical models are used to interpolate rates for intermediary periods, and to extrapolate rates for longer periods.

The following pricing method has been adopted to calculate the market value of derivative financial instruments:

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

• Futures – prices published by B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão.

9.000

9.000

116.475

(32)

(32)

3.220

173

173

321

141

141

3.541

-

3.020

_

380

The derivatives included in the Level II are Swaps and Non Deliverable Forwards, whose adopted pricing model information, are observable in the actively quoted markets.

ii) On balance sheet accounts:

Swap

Total

CDI x FIXED

				June 2021			
						Maturity	
	Reference	Adjusted	Mark-to-		Until 90	From 91 to	From 1 to 2
Assets	value	cost	Market	Fair value	days	365 days	years
Non Deliverable Forward – NDF	95.046	3.506	(1.120)	2.386	1.626	760	
EUR x BRL	8.386	860	(143)	717	717	-	
EURWMR x BRL	80.045	1.731	(883)	848	309	539	-
USD x BRL	6.615	915	(94)	821	600	221	-
Swap	9.000	22	701	723		723	-
CDI x FIXED	9.000	22	701	723	-	723	-
Total	104.046	3.528	(419)	3.109	1.626	1.483	<u> </u>
						Maturity	
	Reference	Adjusted	Mark-to-		Until 90	From 91 to	From 1 to 2
Liabilities	value	cost	Market	Fair value	days	365 days	years
Non Deliverable Forward – NDF	12.103	633	(52)	580	551	29	
	6.671	<u> </u>	<u>(53)</u> 5	<u> </u>	4	6	<u> </u>
EURWMR x BRL USD x BRL	5.432	5 628	5 (58)	10 570	4 547	23	-
Swap	8.467	2.365	142	2.507	2.507	-	-
CDI x USD	8.467	2.365	142	2.507	2.507	-	-
Total	20.570	2.998	89	3.087	3.058	29	
				December 2020			
						Maturity	
	Reference	Adjusted	Mark-to-		Until 90	From 91 to	From 1 to 2
Assets	value	cost	Market	Fair value	days	365 days	years
Non Deliverable Forward – NDF	107.475	3.252	148	3.400	3.020	380	-
EUR x BRL	28.993	135	87	222	32	190	
EURWMR x BRL	63.091	2.757	1	2.758	2.726	32	
USD x BRL	15.391	360	60	420	262	158	-

141

141

141

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

						Maturity	
Liabilities	Reference value	Adjusted cost	Mark-to- Market	Fair value	Untill 90 days	From 91 to 365 days	From 1 to 2 years
Non Deliverable Forward – NDF	34.943	1.642	721	2.363	148	2.215	
EUR x BRL	2.952	30	(16)	14	14	-	-
EURWMR x BRL	10.049	240	(165)	75	5	70	-
EUR x USD	2.584	213	829	1.042	-	1.042	-
USD x BRL	19.358	1.159	73	1.232	129	1.103	-
Swap	25.165	8.825	238	9.063		9.063	
CDI x USD	25.165	8.825	238	9.063	-	9.063	-
Total	60.108	10.467	959	11.426	148	11.278	

iii) Composition of the balances recorded in asset and liability accounts, under the heading "Securities trading and intermediation":

Securities trading and intermediation:

Assets	June 2021	December 2020
Transactions with financial assets to be settled		
Futures - DOL	1.540	-
Futures - DI1	76	68
Futures - DDI	3.780	128
Total	5.396	196
Liabilities	June 2021	December 2020
Commission and brokerage payable	2	1
Transactions with financial assets to be settled		
Futures - DOL	1.084	205
Futures - DDI	28	35
Futures - DI1	773	1.757
Total	1.887	1.998

The receivable or payable differences and daily adjustments paid or received on derivative financial instruments traded on B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, are booked in Assets and Liabilities accounts as "Securities trading and intermediation", which are marked to market, with the reference values of the transactions being recorded in off-balance accounts (Note 7 item v).

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

iv) Off-balance sheet account - Futures contracts:

	June	2021	Decembe	er 2020	
	Market	t value	Market value		
Future contracts	Reference value	Adjustment receivable / (payable)	Reference value	Adjustment receivable / (payable)	
Long position	622.382	5.287	873.524	(1.721)	
Futures - DOL	167.488	1.535	64.746	(189)	
Futures - DI1	83.356	(28)	129.144	60	
Futures - DDI	371.538	3.780	679.634	(1.592)	
Short position	358.471	(1.776)	549.355	(80)	
Futures - DOL	85.037	(1.080)	22.086	(16)	
Futures - DI1	198.634	76	411.246	(27)	
Futures - DDI	74.800	(772)	116.023	(37)	
Total	980.853	3.511	1.422.879	(1.801)	

v) Transactions by maturity (reference values - notional):

			June 2021		
	Due within 30	From 31 to 180	From 181 to		
Futures contracts	days	days	365 days	Over 365 days	Total
Futures - DOL	85.037	167.488	-	-	252.525
Futures - DI1	3.500	87.900	180.525	10.065	281.990
Futures - DDI	135.037	311.301			446.338
	223.574	566.689	180.525	10.065	980.853

	December 2020				
	Due within 30	From 31 to 180	From 181 to		
Futures contracts	days	days	365 days	Over 365 days	Total
Futures - DOL	22.086	64.746	-	-	86.832
Futures - DI1	50.492	180.571	171.645	137.682	540.390
Futures - DDI	227.841	441.555	126.261		795.657
	300.419	686.872	297.906	137.682	1.422.879

8 Lending operations

Information about the loan transaction portfolio is shown as follows:

a) By type of operation:

	June 2021	December 2020
Loans (working capital)	204.174	203.459
Export financing (NCE)	56.437	193.303
Foreign currency financing	57.555	85.619
Total lending operations	318.166	482.381
Advances on foreign exchange contracts (note 9)	93.688	160.719
Income from advances against foreign exchange contracts (note 9)	1.045	2.643
Total lending operations and other credits	412.899	645.743
Allowance for losses	(722)	(2.642)
Total	412.177	643.101
Open import credits	23.945	71.161
Guarantees and sureties issued	188.463	190.306
Total guarantees	212.408	261.467
Allowance for losses	(502)	(539)
Total	211.906	260.928

In order to meet the demand and operational processes of our customers, the bank, together with our customers, decided to renew some contacts maturing in the period totaling R\$ 156.312. There was no renegotiation of contracts due to late payment or financial deterioration on the part of our customers.

Following the timetable for the wind down of the Bank's activities, as stated in Note 1, the Bank intends to renegotiate or sell the interbank loans and the working capital that mature after September 30, 2022. The amount of these deals is R\$ 66.500 and the estimated sell value is R\$ 62.125, generating a possible loss of R\$ (4.375). The values were not booked once the operations are still under negotiation and the estimated values may be changed.

b) Changes in allowance for losses, in accordance with CMN Resolution n.º 2.682/99:

	June 2021						
	Lending operations	Others credits	Guaranties issued	Short term	Long term	Total	
Opening balance	1.720	922	539	1.43	1 1.75	50 3.181	
Provision recorded	(1.318)	(602)	(37)	(27	6) (1.68	81) (1.957)	
Closing balance	402	320	502	1.15	56	<u>59 1.224</u>	
			December	2020			
	Lending operations	Others credits	Guaranties issued	Short term	Long term	Total	
Opening balance	936	946	140	1.656	366	2.022	
Provision recorded	784	(24)	399	(225)	1.384	1.159	
Closing balance	1.720	922	539	1.431	1.750	3.181	

c) By maturity date:

			Advances on		
		Export and	foreign exchange		
Outstanding	Working capital	import financing	contracts	June 2021	December 2020
Up to 30 days	11.611	57.637	-	69.248	87.355
From 31 to 60 days	1.419	14.220	40.950	56.589	62.373
From 61 to 90 days	38.393	16.918	33	55.344	153.002
From 91 to 180 days	16.249	5.166	5.032	26.447	109.162
From 181 to 365 days	92.808	20.051	48.718	161.577	116.629
Over 365 days	43.694			43.694	117.222
Total	204.174	113.992	94.733	412.899	645.743

d) By business sector:

			Advances on		
		Export and	foreign exchange		
Private sector	Working capital	import financing	contracts	June 2021	December 2020
Others	125.792	100.913	30.648	257.353	271.585
Commerce	36.878	-	28.315	65.193	90.009
Financial services	41.504	-	-	41.504	43.174
Metallurgy and steel	-	13.079	23.851	36.930	42.589
Automotive	-	-	11.919	11.919	161.239
Foods and beverages	-	-	-	-	33.140
Machines and equipment					4.007
Total	204.174	113.992	94.733	412.899	645.743

e) By maturity date and risk rating:

Outstanding	AA	Α	June 2021	December 2020
Up to 30 days	68.358	890	69.248	87.355
From 31 to 60 days	15.639	40.950	56.589	62.373
From 61 to 90 days	12.035	43.309	55.344	153.002
From 91 to 180 days	11.019	15.428	26.447	109.162
From 181 to 365 days	121.817	39.760	161.577	116.629
Over 365 days	39.612	4.082	43.694	117.222
Total	268.480	144.419	412.899	645.743
Allowance for losses		(722)	(722)	(2.642)

f) By type of operation and risk rating:

Product	AA	A	June 2021	December 2020
Loans (working capital)	136.919	67.255	204.174	203.459
Export financing (NCE)	100.913	13.079	113.992	278.922
Advances on foreign exchange contracts	30.648	64.085	94.733	163.362
Total	268.480	144.419	412.899	645.743

g) Portfolio concentration

	June	2021	December 2020		
	Portfolio	% Portfolio	Portfolio	% Portfolio	
Largest borrower	57.555	13,94%	108.390	16,79%	
Next ten largest borrowers	286.363	69,35%	357.232	55,32%	
Other borrowers	68.981	16,71%	180.121	27,89%	
Total	412.899	100%	645.743	100%	

h) Guarantees and sureties issued:

As at June 30, 2021, the Bank's commitments under guarantees and sureties issued were as follows:

Outstanding	AA	A	В	June 2021 I	December 2020
Until 30 days	10.426	2.769	2.169	15.364	19.034
From 31 to 60 days	15.663	7.696	-	23.359	52.384
From 61 to 90 days	2.618	732	1.425	4.775	1.660
From 91 to 180 days	14.874	9.388	2.057	26.319	45.199
From 181 to 365 days	52.338	-	29.350	81.688	32.765
Over 365 days	56.038		4.865	60.903	110.425
Total	151.957	20.585	39.866	212.408	261.467
Allowance for losses	-	(103)	(399)	(502)	(539)
Private sector	AA	A	В	June 202	1 December 2020
Mining	84.789	-	-	84.7	789 74.849
Transports	-	-	33.62	8 33.6	528 36.787
Machines and equipamets	2.068	17.208	3.594	4 22.8	370 29.089
Paper and Cellulose	17.654	-	2.64	4 20.2	298 22.256
Others	15.799	3.377	-	19.1	5.182
Energy	15.936	-	-	15.9	936 7.276
Chemical and Petrochemical	15.711	-	-	15.7	711 35.626
Metals					- 50.402
Total	151.957	20.585	39.860	5 212.4	261.467

Losses associated with the likelihood of future disbursements linked to financial guarantees are measured according to models and practices of recognized credit risk management and based on consistent information and consistent verifiable criteria.

As at June 30, 2021 there was a loss provision of R 502 for guarantees and sureties issued (R 539 on December 31, 2020).

9 Foreign exchange portfolio

	June 2021	December 2020
Other credits		
Foreign exchange purchased pending settlement	204.284	307.554
Right on foreign exchange sold	97.505	117.821
Advances in local currency received	(54)	-
Income receivable from advances granted (note 7a)	1.045	2.643
Total	302.780	428.018
Other obligations		
Payable for foreign exchange purchased	97.090	115.048
Foreign exchange sold pending settlement	191.139	278.540
Advances on foreign exchange contracts (note 7a)	(93.688)	(160.719)
Total	194.541	232.869

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

10 Other credits – sundry

They following amounts make-up Other Credits - sundry:

	June 2021			December 2020		
	Short Term	Long Term	Total	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Advances on payroll	523	-	523	206	-	206
Judicial deposits	-	40	40	-	10	10
Taxes and contributions to be offset (a)	-	1.576	1.576	-	1.474	1.474
Amounts receivable from associated companies	2.806	-	2.806	2.073		2.073
Total	3.329	1.616	4.945	2.279	1.484	3.763

a) Taxes and contributions to be offset

Amounts of tax paid in advance are as follows:

	June 2021	December 2020
Corporate Income Tax ("IRPJ")	934	1.053
Social Contribution Tax on Net Income ("CSLL")	257	45
National Institute of Social Security ("INSS")	343	343
Contribution to Financing the Social Security Systems ("COFINS")	14	14
Social Integration Program ("PIS")	19	19
Tax on Financial Transactions ("IOF")	9	
Total	1.576	1.474

11 Other assets

These refer substantially to prepaid expenses related to insurance, the provision of real-time economic and market information services and services involving information provided for compliance purposes. The amount of deferred prepaid expenses during the period was R\$ 280 (R\$ 332 on December 31, 2020).

12 Income and social contribution tax credits

The Bank has tax credits not recognized in accounting books because they do not meet the standards of Resolution CMN 4.842/20 which requires that:

- I. there is expectation of generating future taxable income or profits for the purposes of income tax and social contribution in subsequent periods based on a technical study demonstrating the likelihood of future obligations with taxes and contributions that would allow the deferred tax asset to be carried out within a maximum of ten years; and
- II. Present a history of taxable income or profits for the purposes of income tax and social contribution on net income evidenced by the occurrence of such situations at least in three out of the last five financial years, including the current year.

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

Income and social contribution tax credits not recorded include the following:

	June 2021				
	Tax base IRPJ	Tax base CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL	Total
Fiscal loss carry-forward (i)	118.835	119.569	29.709	23.914	53.623
Provision for staff bonuses	21.683	21.683	5.421	4.337	9.758
Provision for losses	2.048	2.048	512	410	922
Adjustment derivative financial instruments	1.224	1.224	306	245	551
Provision for accounts payable	(870)	(870)	(218)	(174)	(392)
Contingency provision	537	537	134	107	241
Others	141	141	35	28	63
Total			35.899	28.867	64.766
		Dece	ember 2020		
	Tax base IRPJ	Tax base CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL	Total
Fiscal loss carry-forward (i)	112.879	113.553	28.220	22.711	50.931
Provision for staff bonuses	2.156	2.156	539	431	970
Provision for losses	3.181	3.181	795	636	1.431
Adjustment derivative financial instruments	783	783	196	157	353
Provision for accounts payable	129	129	32	26	58
Contingency provision	543	543	136	108	244
Others	8	8	2	2	4
Total			29.920	24.071	53.991

(i) Tax losses and negative social contribution base subject to be offset against future taxable income, as provided for under the prevailing legislation;

Movement of tax credits recorded

	June 2021	December 2020
Opening balance	<u> </u>	20.790
Reversal with effect on P&L	-	(20.790)
Constituted with effect on Equity	-	
Closing balance	<u> </u>	

13 Fixed assets and intangible assets

Fixed assets

			June 2021			December 2020	
	% Annual		Accumulated			Accumulated	
	Depreciation	Cost	Depreciation	Net Amount	Cost	Depreciation	Net Amount
Leasehold improvements	20	1.359	(1.359)	-	1.359	(1.352)	7
Premises	10	1.307	(687)	620	1.307	(622)	685
Furniture and equipment	10	896	(487)	409	896	(443)	453
Data processing system	20	8.995	(4.956)	4.039	8.995	(4.392)	4.603
Communication and security system	10	69	(35)	34	83	(37)	46
Transportation system	20		-		248	(248)	
Total		12.626	(7.524)	5.102	12.888	(7.094)	5.794

Fixed assets are still in use and being depreciated untill June 2023 according to the wind down timeframe and the eventual impairment will be recorded at an appropriate time when the destinations for each fixed asset will be defined.

14 Deposits

a) Demand deposits

These refer to deposits in the current account from corporate companies, amounting to R 1.104 (R 2.546 on December 31, 2020).

b) Time deposits

		June 2021				
	Adjus ted cos t	Until 90 days	From 91 to 365 days	From 1 to 3 years	Total	
Bank certificate deposits	3.842		3.842		3.842	
Total	3.842		3.842	-	3.842	
			Decemb	er 2020		
	A	Until 90	E 014			
	Adjusted	Unui 90	From 91 to	From 1 to		
	cost	days	365 days	From 1 to 3 years	Total	
Bank certificate deposits	0				Total 10.383	

15 Foreign borrowings

			June 2021		
Currency	Amount in foreign currency	Until 90 days	From 91 to 365 days	From 1 to 3 years	Total
<u>our moj</u>	carrenty				
EUR	9.100	39.048	14.794	-	53.842
USD	87.057	384.067	51.785		435.852
Total		423.115	66.579		489.694

			December 202	0	
Currency	Amount in foreign currency	Until 90 days	From 91 to 365 days	From 1 to 3 years	Total
EUR USD	29.000 137.878	34.361 336.111	150.438 340.633	- 41.750	184.799 718.494
Total		370.472	491.071	41.750	903.293

The balance of foreign borrowings consists of funds provided by Commerzbank AG, annual rates between -0,305% and 0,048 (-0,290% and -0,070 on December 31, 2020) in EUR and between 0,205% and 0,830% (0,383% and 1,170% on December 31, 2020) in USD.

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

16 Other obligations

a) Tax and social security

	June 2021	December 2020
Current liabilities		
Taxes and contributions on payroll	1.028	1.132
Income tax provision	54	54
ISS tax payable	53	50
Taxes and contributions on third-party services	53	107
COFINS tax payable	4	-
Pis tax payable	1	-
Income tax payable	-	62
Taxes and contributions to pay		50
Total	1.193	1.455

b) Other

	June 2021	December 2020
Current liabilities		
Personnel expenses (note 27)	7.510	4.407
Other administrative expenses (note 27)	606	522
Allowance for guarantees and sureties issued	452	68
Other payments	13	3
Total	8.581	5.000
Non-current liabilities		
Personnel expenses (note 27)	17.075	-
Other administrative expenses (note 27)	1.700	-
Provision to contingency (note 24)	537	543
Allowance for guarantees and sureties issued	49	471
Total	19.361	1.014
	27.942	6.014

17 Shareholders' equity

a) Capital

The capital stock is represented by 268.138.562 common shares, with no par value and fully paid-in.

The subscribed capital is R 268.138 divided in 268.137 nominated shares. The accumulated losses in financial period of R 24.535 (R 15.365 on June 30, 2020), and an accumulated loss per share of R 0,0915 on June 30, 2021 (R 0,0573 on June 30, 2020).

There is no difference between basic losses per share and diluted losses per share.

b) Income allocation

According to the bylaws, the Bank's net income for the period after offsetting the losses accrued in previous periods, if any, should be allocated as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

- 5% for the constitution of legal reserves, up to the limit of 20% of capital stock; •
- A minimum of 5% for dividends and/or return on capital to shareholders, in accordance • with the applicable laws; and
- The balance, if any, should be allocated according to the decision of the Annual • Shareholders' Meeting as proposed by the Management according to the legal provisions on the matter.

The distribution of dividends and/or interest on capital will not be mandatory for fiscal years in which such payments would be deemed incompatible with the Bank's financial condition.

No income was distributed for the periods ended June 30, 2021.

18 Breakdown of the income accounts

a) Lending transactions

	June 2021	June 2020
Loans (working capital)	6.628	5.396
Export financing (NCE)	1.669	37.365
Total	8.297	42.761

b) Income from securities transactions

	June 2021	June 2020
Income from transactions with fixed income securities (i)	3.920	6.661
Income from interbank liquidity applications	1.219	2.495
Gains on transactions with fixed income securities (i)	42	186
Income from money market investments	1	51
Total	5.182	9.393

Refers to income from Brazilian government bonds - Treasury Bills ("LFTs") and National Treasury (i) Notes ("LTNs").

c) Derivatives

		June 2021			June 2020	
	Gain	Loss	Net	Gain	Loss	Net
Swap	582	(1.348)	(766)	63	(20.177)	(20.114)
NDF	6.403	(2.326)	4.077	9.613	(16.363)	(6.750)
Future	446.669	(451.895)	(5.226)	1.290.111	(1.121.854)	168.257
Total	453.654	(455.569)	(1.915)	1.299.787	(1.158.394)	141.393

d) Foreign exchange transactions

5 5	June 2021	June 2020
Income from foreign exchange transactions	16.373	42.389
Expenses from foreign exchange transactions	(79)	(940)
FX rate variation	(24.616)	68.957
Total	(8.322)	110.406

e) Income from services provided

neome nom services provided		
	June 2021	June 2020
Commissions on mediation deals (note 20)	4.681	4.276
Service intercompany fees (note 20)	1.617	1.679
Guarantee fees	904	314
Intermediation of export letters of credit (note 20)	726	1.362
Other service fees	567	519
Commission on finance structuring		95
Total	8.495	8.245

f) Income from bank fees

	June 2021	June 2020
Fees from foreign exchange income - import	302	81
Fees from current account	21	18
Fees from foreign exchange income - financial	1	1
Fees from foreign exchange income - export		2
Total	324	102

g) Open market funding transactions

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	June 2021	June 2020	
Time deposits	(66)	(779)	
Credit guarantee fund	(5)	(29)	
Repurchase agreements	(3)	(19)	
Total	(74)	(827)	

h) Borrowing and on-lending transactions

8 8	June 2021	June 2020	
Borrowing and on-lending transactions (note 20)	5	18	
Borrowing with foreign Banks (note 20)	(1.434)	(3.191)	
FX rate variation	11.256	(294.762)	
Total	9.827	(297.935)	

i) Personnel expenses

	June 2021	June 2020	
Employee compensation (note 27)	(21.497)	(8.009)	
Social charges (note 27)	(9.408)	(4.012)	
Benefits	(5.497)	(3.049)	
Management compensation	(935)	(831)	
Interns' salary	(55)	(118)	
Training	(16)	(23)	
Total	(37.408)	(16.042)	

j) Other administrative expenses

	June 2021	June 2020
Data processing	(3.716)	(4.173)
Rentals	(2.434)	(1.213)
Expenses with specialist technical services	(655)	(552)
Expenses for financial systems services	(638)	(722)
Third-party services	(354)	(229)
Communication expenses	(267)	(367)
Transportation	(104)	(125)
Lease	(86)	(97)
Publications and advertising	(19)	(65)
Travel and accommodation	-	(68)
Maintenance and conservation	-	(70)
Other administrative expenses	(188)	(181)
Total	(8.461)	(7.862)

k) Tax expenses

	June 2021	June 2020
COFINS	(1.002)	(462)
Service tax - ISS	(450)	(417)
PIS	(163)	(75)
IOF	(2)	(6)
Other taxes	(121)	(151)
Total	(1.738)	(1.111)

19 Income and social contribution taxes

a) Statement of calculation of income and social contribution taxes

	June 2021		June 2020	
	IRPJ	CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL
Pre-tax earnings	(24.535)	(24.535)	(13.618)	(13.618)
Additions:				
Temporary	23.604	23.604	4.286	4.286
Permanent	997	938	2.099	2.003
Exclusions:				
Temporary	(6.764)	(6.764)	(5.350)	(5.350)
Income tax and social contribution basis of calculation	(6.698)	(6.757)	(12.583)	(12.679)
Income and social contribution taxes	1.675	1.351	3.146	1.902
Effect of the adoption of different tax rates	-			634
Income and social contribution taxes - deferred tax losses	1.675	1.351	3.146	2.536
Tax credit reversal			(1.003)	(744)
Income and social contribution tax expense	<u> </u>	-	(1.003)	(744)

b) Origin of tax credits and deferred tax liabilities

	June 2020		June 2021	
Tax credits	IRPJ	CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL
Deferred income and social contribution taxes on:				
Provision for doubtful debts	-	-	477	382
Adjustment derivative financial instruments	-	-	(84)	(67)
Bonus provision	-		(660)	(528)
Total tax credits	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(267)	(213)
Deferred tax obligations	IRPJ	CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL
Deferred income and social contribution taxes on:				
Adjustment to market value of securities available for sale	-	-	(353)	(282)
Total deferred tax obligation on temporary differences	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(353)	(282)

c) Reconciliation of the calculation of income tax and social contribution

The reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting result determined by the tax rate for the period ended on June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	June 2020		June 2021	
	IRPJ	CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL
Pre-tax earnings	(24.535)	(24.535)	(13.618)	(13.618)
Income and social contribution taxes, calculated at the current tax rates	6.134	4.907	3.406	2.724
Additions:				
Temporary	(5.901)	(4.721)	(1.072)	(857)
Permanent	(249)	(188)	(525)	(401)
Exclusions:				
Temporary	1.691	1.353	1.337	1.070
Income and social contribution taxes	1.675	1.351	3.146	2.536
Effective income tax and social contribution rate	6,83%	5,51%	23,10%	18,62%

20 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are carried out under arm's length. These operations are closed under rates at the beginning of the deal as well at the settlement dates according to the market conditions.

The following table shows the balance of the Bank's transactions with its related parties on June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

	June 2021		June 2020	December 2020	
	Revenues / (Expenses)	Assets / (Liabilities)	Revenues / (Expenses)	Assets / (Liabilities)	
Foreign currency deposits (i)					
Commerzbank AG	-	1.229	-	1.421	
Foreign exchange portfolio - Arbitrage (ii)					
Commerzbank AG	-	(1.337)	-	1.088	
Foreign borrowings (iii)					
Commerzbank AG	(971)	(164.237)	(1.851)	(552.788)	
Commerzbank AG New York	(458)	(267.902)	(1.322)	(284.477)	
Services provided (iv)					
Commerzbank AG	2.343	1.481	3.041	906	
Commerzbank AG Luxembourg	930	930	1.448	187	
Commerzbank AG New York	3.751	395	2.828	980	
Total	5.595	(429.441)	4.144	(832.683)	

(i) Represents foreign currency deposits;

(ii) Represents arbitrage deals with Commerzbank AG;

(iii) Represents the foreign borrowings;

(iv) Represents the mediation services between the Bank and Commerzbank Luxembourg and New York, service agreement and letter of credit intermediation between the Bank and Commerzbank AG.

21 Key management compensation

	June 2021	June 2020
Fixed remuneration	687	569
Variable remuneration	248	262
Total	935	831

The key management compensation is not based on shares and there is no post-employment benefits.

22 Risk and Capital management

Risk management is a continuous process that identifies and measures existing risks, in addition to potential risks that might threaten the Bank's operations. The policy of Risk and Capital management is available in <u>https://www.commerzbank.com.br</u> at Finance and Regulatory information item.

Identifying risks aims to map out risk events, both internal and external, that might affect the business strategy, with a possible adverse impact on the Bank's results, liquidity or reputation.

Responsibilities for risk management are, in principle, structured along three lines of defense:

- a) In the first line of defense, the role of the business areas and the support areas is to manage the risks by identifying, assessing, controlling and reporting those risks;
- b) In the second line of defense, an autonomous unit controls the risks in a centralized manner, seeking to ensure that the risks are managed in accordance with the established risk appetite, policies and procedures;
- c) In the third line of defense, the role of the internal audit function is independently to assess the activities in which the institution engages, enabling senior management to ascertain whether controls are adequate, risk management is effective and internal and external rules have been complied with.

Risk management structure

The risk management organizational structure complies with the regulations prevailing in Brazil and overseas and is aligned with best market practices and can be summarized as follows:

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to default by the taker, issuer or counterparty on their financial obligations at the terms agreed, the impairment of a credit agreement due to the downgrading of the risk of the taker, issuer or counterparty, a decrease in earnings or remuneration, benefits granted in subsequent debt renegotiations, or the recovery of costs.

The Bank's credit risk management structure provides for consistent, integrated handling of credit risk for transactions in the trading and banking portfolios. The responsibilities of this structure include the identification, assessment, measurement, control and mitigation of risks. For this

purpose, policies and strategies have been introduced to manage credit risk; systems, models and internal procedures for credit risk are properly validated; losses associated with credit risk are estimated using consistent and prudent criteria and the levels of Reference Capital ("PR") and provision are kept in line with the credit risk assumed by the institution.

b) Market risk

Market risk is the possibility of loss resulting from fluctuations in the market prices of positions held by a financial institution. This definition includes the risk of operations subject to changes in currency rates, interest rates, share prices or commodities prices.

The Bank's market risk management structure is based on risk management policies and strategies that establish operating limits and procedures to keep market risk at acceptable levels as well as systems to measure, monitor and control market risk exposure, both for dealings in the trading portfolio and for other positions, and to generate timely reports for the management of the institution.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk can be defined as the possibility that the institution may not be able to honor its expected and unexpected obligations effectively, currently or in the future, including those arising from liabilities under guarantees, without affecting its routine operations or incurring significant losses, and the possibility that the institution may not be able to close out a position at the market price, due to its size in relation to the volumes normally traded, or because the market has been suspended.

The Bank's liquidity risk management structure is based on policies and strategies which set operating limits and procedures intended to keep liquidity risk exposure at the levels determined by management; processes to identify, assess, monitor and control liquidity risk exposure over different time horizons; periodical stress testing in short and long-term scenarios, and the assessment of liquidity risk as part of the approval process for new products, as well as checking their compatibility with existing procedures and controls. Liquidity management policies and limits are reviewed periodically.

In order to avoid such risk, a Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) is held in a quarterly basis, which assesses potential liquidity risks, either by market factors or internal operations. The Cash management is performed in a daily basis where assumptions of disbursements to be realized and future receipts are used.

As part of its liquidity management, the Bank has assets considered highly liquid (government bonds) that ensure a comfortable position related to any type of short-term liquidity event. These assets are classified in the balance sheet according to their original maturity.

d) Operating risk

Operating risk is the possibility that losses may be caused by failings, defects or inadequacies in internal processes, people or systems, or by external events. This definition includes the legal risk of inadequate or defective contracts executed by the institution, sanctions resulting from a failure to comply with legal provisions or indemnities to third parties for damage caused by the institution's business activities.

The Bank's operating risk management structure operates by means of the identification, assessment, monitoring, control and mitigation of risk; documentation and the storage of information on losses resulting from operating risk. Reports are prepared at least once a year to permit the identification and prompt correction of weaknesses in the control and management of operating risk, the testing of operating risk control systems, carried out at least once a year; and an operating risk management policy is drafed and published to be followed by staff.

Capital and liquidity management

The purpose of capital management is to ensure that the Bank has sufficient resources to support its operations and to meet its capital requirements in a sustainable manner, taking into account the institution's risk profile.

The capital and liquidity management system includes dealing with Risk Weighted Assets ("RWA"); the Leverage Ratio limit (as a method of managing excessive debt); Liquidity Management and Loss Management.

The Bank's minimum capital requirements are subject to the provisions of the resolutions and circulars issued by the CMN and by BACEN in respect of the global standard capital requirement, known as Basel III. These are expressed in the form of ratios of available capital - Reference Equity ("PR"), or Total Capital, made up of Level I, Level II and RWAs.

To calculate the minimum capital requirements, the total value of RWA is obtained by taking into account the total weighted assets for credit, operating and market risks. The Bank uses the **standard approach** to calculate the portions of RWA for market risk and credit risk; while for operating risk the Basic Indicator Approach is used.

The Bank has met the capital requirements of the regulations during the periods presented in this financial statement, with the main capitalization indicators and their minimum requirements on June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, as below:

	June 2021	December 2020
Regulatory Capital	110.966	137.529
Credit Risk	544.507	687.466
Market Risk	30.600	76.434
Operational Risk	77.494	63.257
Risk-Weighted Assets	652.601	827.157
Banking Book - Interest Rate Risk	3.633	4.804
Minimum Core Capital Requirement	55.841	70.977
Additional Core Capital Buffer	10.605	10.339
Shareholders' Equity Requirement	66.446	81.316
Basel Limit Margin	44.520	56.213
Basel Ratio	16,07%	15,64%
minimum required	9,625%	9,25%
Leverage Ratio	8,49%	9,44%
minimum required	3,00%	3,00%

Socio-Environmental Responsibility

The Socio-environmental responsibility policy outlines the guidelines for the identification, evaluation, monitoring, mitigation and control of socio-environmental risk, in compliance with Resolution CMN 4.327/14. The Bank recognizes the importance of its responsibility for the socio-environmental issues in the conduct of its business and activities. It is also committed to utilizing market solutions to promote environmental sustainability, ensuring the long-term interests of its customers, suppliers and society, demonstrated by the implementation of actions aimed at ensuring adherence to regulatory criteria and good practices in relation to the subject.

The Socio-Environmental Risk Management Policy is available in <u>https://www.commerzbank.com.br</u> at Finance and Regulatory information item.

23 Employee benefits

The Bank sponsors for its employees and managers (except expatriates), of its own free will, the benefits listed below:

Medical and Dental Plan: The Bank offers plans that include legal dependents at no cost to the employees: The expenditure on this benefit in the perod was R\$ 1.830 (R\$ 2.204 on June 30, 2020).

Supplementary Pension Plan: Both staff and Commerzbank contribute. The Bank paid the amount of R\$ 264 in the period (R\$ 185 on June 30, 2020).

The Company's bonus programs is aligned with the remuneration system of Commerzbank AG, which was agreed with the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority and the Special Fund for Financial Market Stabilization.

24 Contingencies

Assets and Liabilities contingents and legal, tax and social security obligations.

The assets and liabilities contingents and legal, tax and social security obligations are recognized, measured and released as follows:

- Contingents assets are not recognized on financial statements, except when the evidences providing the guarantee of realization, when no claims are acceptable.
- Contingents liabilities are recognized on financial statements when, based on legal advisors and management opinion to be considered the risk of losses are possible with a legal or administrative action with a probable settlement of obligations and when the amounts involved were measurable with enough certainty.
 The liabilities contingents assessed as possible losses by legal advisors are only disclosed in an explanatory notes, whereas remote losses are not provisioned or disclosed.
- Legal obligations (legal and social security) refer to legal demand where are being contested the legality and constitutionality of some taxes and contributions. The amount disputed is quantified, provisioned and monthly updated, independent of probability of losses.

Liabilities contingents classified as probable and possible losses:

The contingent liabilities assessed as probable and possible losses are represented by labor claims, as flollows:

	June 2	June 2021		December 2020	
	Probable	Possible	Probable	Possible	
Opening balance	543	1.093	510	1.031	
Provision in the period	(6)	(1.093)	33	62	
Closing balance	537		543	1.093	

25 Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis shows the impact of interest rate and exchange rate variations on the fair value of assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2021 without considering the tax effect.

The impact on the fair value of assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate variation is measured by applying parallel variations in their respective interest rates without considering the correlations between them. The impact of exchange rate variation is measured by applying a fixed percentage of valuation or devaluation of the Real currency in relation to other currencies.

In this analysis are presented 4 scenarios with an increase or reduction of 50 basis points in interest rates for all periods and valuation or devaluation in exchange rates of 5%:

Scenario I – impact of the increase in interest rates and the valuation of exchange rates.

Scenario II – impact of the reduction in interest rates and the devaluation of exchange rates.

Scenario III – only adverse impacts of the increase in interest rates and the valuation of exchange rates

Scenario IV – only adverse impacts of the reduction of interest rates and the devaluation of exchange rates

	Scenarios			
Risk factor	Ι	II	III	IV
Fixed interest rate	405	(405)	-	(405)
Exchange coupon	(761)	761	(761)	761
External interest	8	(8)	-	(8)
FX variance	(30)	30	(30)	30
Total	(378)	378	(791)	378

26 Non-recurring results

The Bank presented a non-recurring result as follows:

	June 2021	June 2020
Restructuring expenses (note 1 and 27)	(23.250)	-
Deferred tax assets reversal	-	(1.747)
Operational losses	-	(1.270)
Eventual gratification		(13)
Total	(23.250)	(3.030)

27 Other information

Impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic – up to the current date, the Bank has not suffered any significant financial impact and does not have enough information to predict future impacts. The Bank has highly liquid assets at comfortable levels to honor short-term obligations and to conduct its business activities. However, as a precaution, exposures to market risks have been reduced to minimum levels and new loans are granted after careful individual credit analysis.

In line with NBC TG 900, the values of assets and liabilities presented are already at the liquidation value. This way, there are no disclosures with adjustments between book value and the liquidation value.

In the six months ended June 30, 2021, the bank booked restructuring expenses of R\$ 1.567 and restructuring provision of R\$ 21.683 associated with the institution's wind down process. The restructuring provision expenses are described as follows:

	June 2021
Employee compensations (i)	17.265
Social charges (i)	2.718
Contracts' penalties (ii)	695
Office reinstatement (iii)	1.005
Total provisions	21.683
Legal expenses (iv)	125
Third-party services (v)	27
Employee compensations and social charges (vi)	1.415
Total actual expenses	1.567
Total restructuring expenses	23.250

- (i) Refers to the amount of employee compensations social and charges arising from the termination of the employment contract in accordance with individual contracts.
- (ii) Refers to the expected termination penalties for the office rental contract and data center that will take place in 2023.
- (iii) Refers to the estimated office reinstatement costs.
- (iv) Legal services for amendment of employees' individual contracts
- (v) Human resources consultancy services.
- (vi) Expenses incurred with employees layoff in June 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise indicated

28 Subsequent events

There are no subsequent events to disclose.

Ronaldo Correa President director Karsten Sieber Director Elio Pereira Sales Accountant CRC-1SP 212554/O-0

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